



# OCTOPUS 600

## PERIMETRY SIMPLIFIED

01 | 02 PERIMETRY YOU CAN TRUST

# OCTOPUS 600

## PERIMETRY SIMPLIFIED

In 1972 Franz Fankhauser and others developed the principles and concepts of automated perimetry which resulted in the design of the automated static perimeter, the Octopus 201, in 1974. Since then, Octopus has pioneered many significant innovations like the G-pattern, the direct projection system, fast strategies and outstanding software for visual field analysis.

Detecting visual field loss at the earliest possible stage, defining the optimum treatment and following up the patient to decide on the necessity of treatment changes or surgery are the main tasks of every glaucoma specialist. Addressing these basic needs, Haag-Streit has introduced the Octopus 600 that combines early diagnosis and follow-up in a single compact-sized, standalone device with improved ergonomics both for operator and patient.

The device makes it possible to run standard central fields with minimum test duration, seamlessly integrated into your practice environment. This supports high patient throughput and effective practice management. With its built-in reliability features, the Octopus 600 is easy to use and delivers results you can trust.



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## FAST SCREENING

Distinguish between normal and visual fields, quickly and efficiently with the Glaucoma Screening Test.

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## CENTRAL FIELD STANDARD WHITE-ON-WHITE PERIMETRY

The Octopus 600 performs standard white-on-white threshold testing in just 2-4 minutes in the central visual field. A wide range of commonly used static test patterns, including G, 32, 30-2, 24-2, M, and 10-2 are also incorporated into the Octopus 600.

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## PERIMETRY SIMPLIFIED

The compact Octopus 600 can be operated reliably outside of a darkroom and fits almost anywhere. With its improved usability and ergonomics, it truly simplifies perimetry both for the operator and the patient.

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## RELIABLE RESULTS MADE EASY

Worry less about patient compliance. The Octopus 600 automatically recognises fixation losses and continuously supports the correct patient and eye position for a reliable result you can trust.

03 | 04 ONE DEVICE DOES IT ALL

# OCTOPUS 600

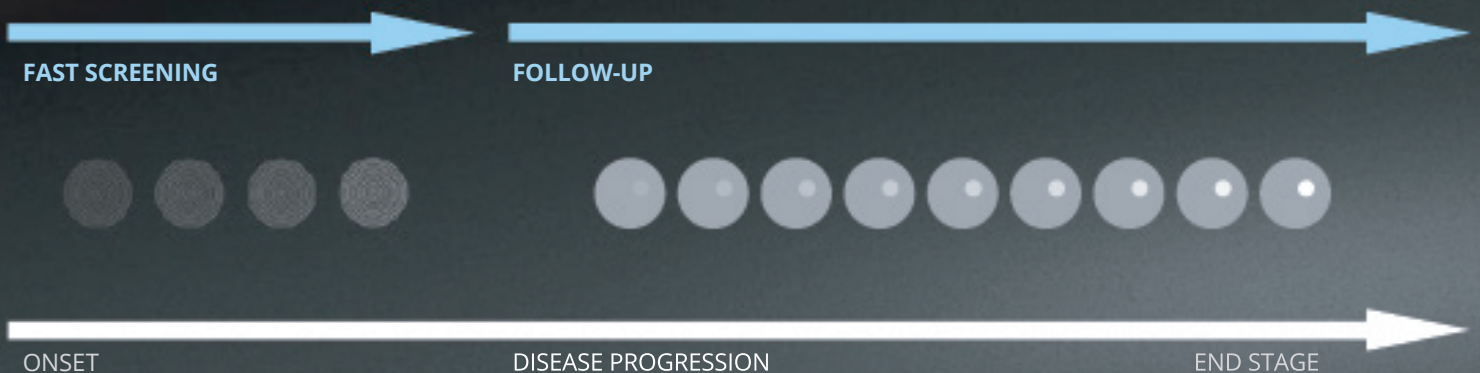
## EXPERT IN FAST SCREENING AND FOLLOW-UP

With the Octopus 600, Haag-Streit has introduced a perimeter that combines both fast screening with the Pulsar stimulus and standard white-on-white perimetry for follow-up in one device. As a result, the instrument is capable of covering the most important stages of disease progression, allowing both for early diagnosis and follow-up.

The Octopus 600 employs an innovative perimetry technology that makes use of a TFT-based monitor to produce stimuli and background. This allows the instrument to display complex stimuli such as Pulsar.

### OCTOPUS 600

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## GLAUCOMA SCREENING TEST

# FAST SCREENING

Distinguish between normal and abnormal visual fields quickly and efficiently in healthy individuals. The test is purely qualitative and only distinguishes between normal and abnormal visual fields by presenting stimuli three times at a brightness that patients with normal vision should see. If never seen, then the visual field is flagged as abnormal with high reliability and the patient can be further tested.

Because the test is efficient, it opens doors for more routine visual field testing to ensure no pathology goes undetected.

## PULSAR METHOD

# THE INNOVATIVE PULSE IN PERIMETRY

Pulsar is a patented<sup>1</sup> flicker stimulus displaying a ring pattern especially developed for early glaucoma detection. The stimulus consists of two images, the phase and counterphase images that alternate with a frequency of 10 Hz over 500 ms. If flicker-sensitivity is reduced, the phase and counterphase images result in an overlapped image that is not visible anymore. By changing contrast and spatial resolution, full thresholds can be tested.

Because the proven Pulsar method tests flicker and contrast sensitivity that are affected in early glaucoma, the method has been shown to be both sensitive and specific in the detection of glaucoma.<sup>3,4</sup> This supports your correct diagnosis and allows you to start treatment in adequate time.

## LOW TEST-RETEST VARIABILITY

# MADE EASY FOR PATIENTS

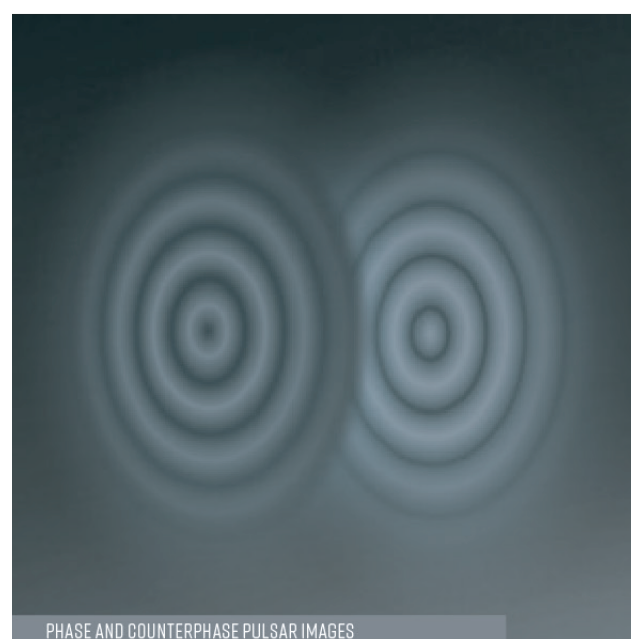
Pulsar is easy for patients to answer: seen or not seen. Additionally, thanks to its design, it is relaxing to look at. This makes Pulsar a simple – even pleasant – test to take for patients. As a result, it shows low test-retest variability and only a minimal learning effect.<sup>5,6</sup> These features make it a very suitable stimulus for screening purposes.



GLAUCOMA SCREENING TEST



PULSAR STIMULI OF DIFFERENT VISIBILITY LEVELS



PHASE AND COUNTERPHASE PULSAR IMAGES

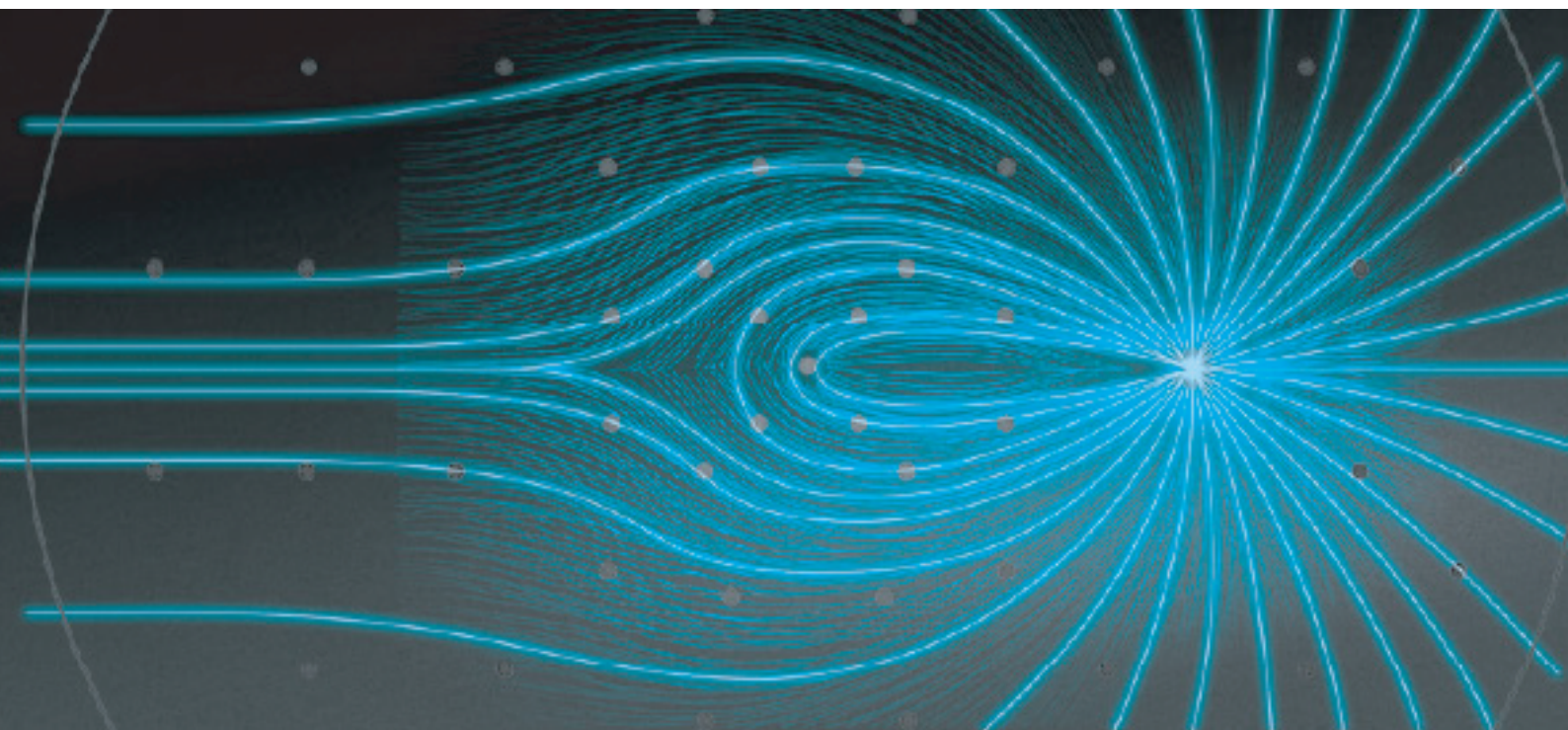
# OCTOPUS 600

## CENTRAL FIELD STANDARD WHITE-ON-WHITE PERIMETRY

The Octopus 600 offers a wide range of static test patterns, including 32 (which corresponds with 30-2), 24-2, and 10-2. In addition, there are two physiology-based patterns: the G-Program (a 30-degree field for glaucoma assessment) and the M-Program (a 10-degree field for analysing the macula). They are both correlated with a nerve fibre bundle map and thus make it possible to test the points which are most important for a structure-function correlation. These examination patterns offer a higher density of stimuli in the centre, which supports the discovery of paracentral scotomas that are often missed by the common 32 pattern.

Combining the standard white-on-white perimetry with the Pulsar method for early glaucoma detection, the instrument is capable of covering the most important stages of disease progression, allowing for early diagnosis and follow-up.

With the perimeter employing a flicker-free TFT monitor, stimuli can be soundlessly presented for increased reliability of the visual fields.



## TOP FAST-THRESHOLDING STRATEGY

# INCREASED EFFICIENCY

Tendency Oriented Perimetry (TOP) presents a further optimisation in fast-threshold testing by reducing the examination time by nearly 80% to just 2–4 minutes<sup>7,8</sup> compared to 6–8 minutes (Dynamic strategy) or 10–12 minutes (Normal strategy). The TOP algorithm is a systematic method which takes the correlation of the threshold values in neighbouring locations into account.

Since the first test points are presented at a supra-threshold level, even inexperienced patients quickly understand the nature of the test.

## CLUSTER ANALYSIS

# PROVIDING MEANINGFUL RESULTS

Cluster analysis combines high sensitivity with good specificity.<sup>9</sup> Test locations are grouped (clustered) along nerve fibre bundles, to better analyse changes in crucial areas such as the nasal step or the macula. This eliminates the time-consuming method of counting isolated points. A combined probability/deviation graph highlights pathological regions.

## POLAR GRAPH

# COMBINING STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

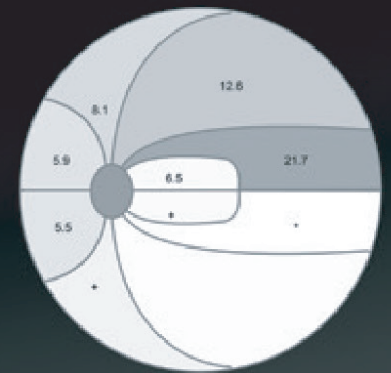
Combining the results of both structure and function (see picture: A) is key to obtaining a comprehensive assessment of the onset and progression of Glaucoma. With the Octopus Polar Graph, the nerve fibre bundles that are in danger or defective are easily identified. Local defects are projected along the nerve fibres to the optic disk and are represented as red lines (B). The projected defects (C, D) are vertically mirrored and scaled with rings for 10, 20 and 30 dB deviation (E). The Octopus Polar Graph allows for direct comparison with structural (F) findings.<sup>10</sup>

2–4' TOP

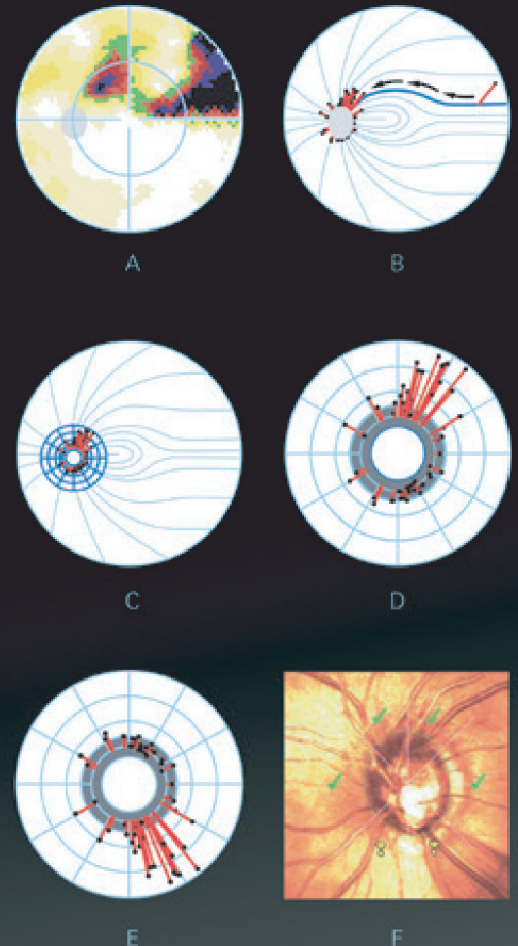
6–8' DYNAMIC

10–12' NORMAL

TIME COMPARISON BETWEEN TEST STRATEGIES



CLUSTER ANALYSIS



POLAR GRAPH

# IMMEDIATELY IDENTIFY LEVELS OF CHANGE

EyeSuite Perimetry software is included as standard, featuring the advanced EyeSuite Progression Analysis for following up visual fields. As recommended by the International Glaucoma Society, the global progression rate is calculated in dB per year, including the probability level. Areas for normal range (grey band), impaired vision (15 dB) and legal blindness (25 dB) provide a starting point for further investigation.

Often, progression is local and not noticeable on global progression analysis. No more counting of single points and looking for clusters. EyeSuite does the work for you! The EyeSuite Cluster Trend Analysis is based on specific "clusters" of test points that are matched to the nerve fibre bundles, while the Polar Trend Analysis allows direct comparison with structural findings. With these two local progression analyses, even small local changes that are not visible at a global level can be easily detected and followed up.<sup>10,11</sup>

Intuitive colour codes save time by immediately identifying levels of change. A red triangle will indicate significant worsening, a yellow diamond increased fluctuation and a green triangle significant improvement.



INTUITIVE TRAFFIC LIGHT SYMBOLS



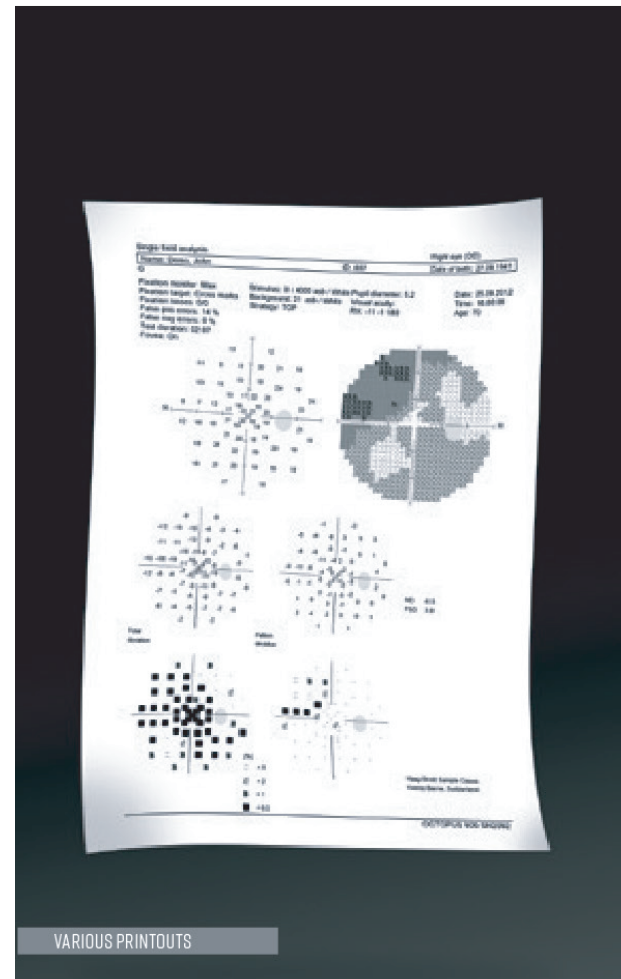
EYESUITE CLUSTER TREND ANALYSIS

## VARIOUS PRINTOUTS

# INTUITIVE INTERPRETATION OF VISUAL FIELD RESULTS

Configure your favourite printout and graphics representation, in order to reduce the time necessary to interpret the results. Choose either the Octopus 7-in-1 printout containing the cumulative defect curve (Bebie curve) or the HFA-style printout. Furthermore, the 4-in-1 printout or the series report can also be customised.

Don't want a paper copy? Save the report as an image or PDF and view it on your screen or export it to your electronic medical record (EMR) system.



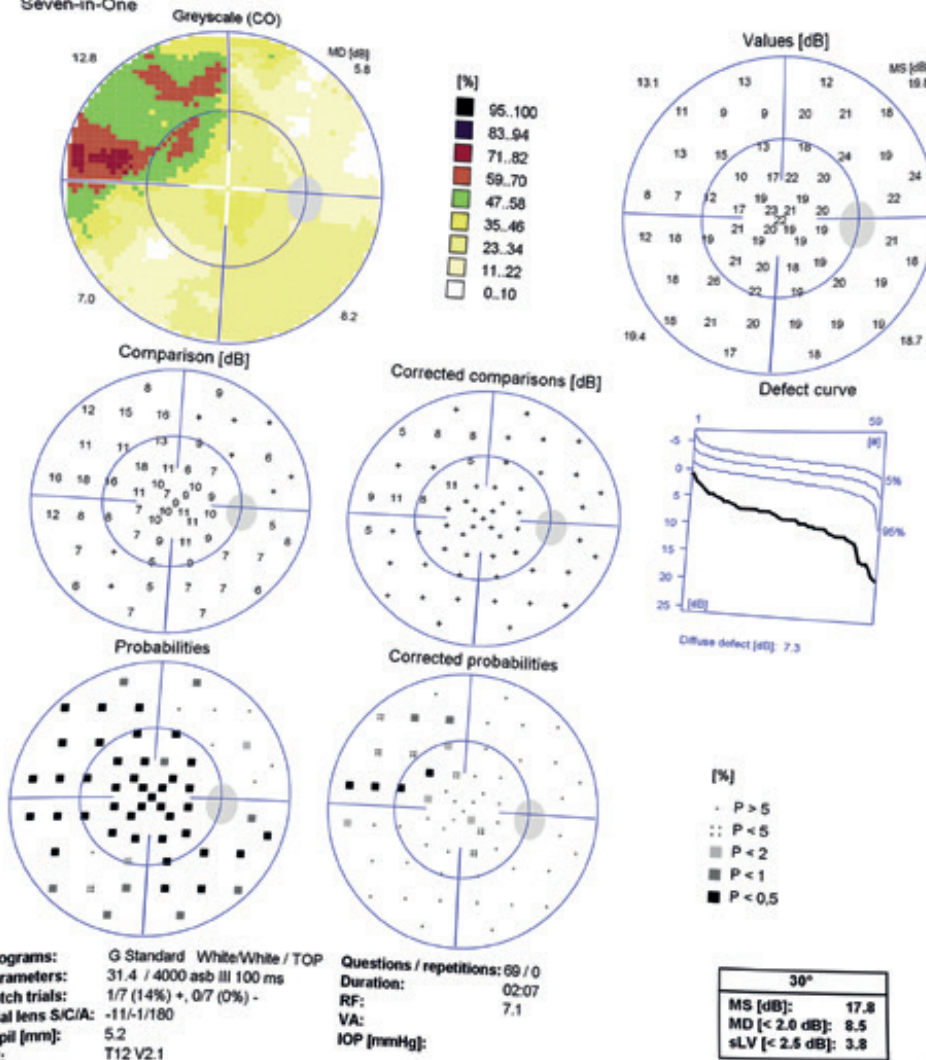
VARIOUS PRINTOUTS



**Demo John, 27.09.1941 (70yrs)**  
ID 007

**Right eye (OD) / 25.09.2012 / 16:00:08**

Seven-in-One



VISUAL FIELD EVALUATION  
IS MADE SIMPLE WITH THE  
WIDELY-USED OCTOPUS  
7-IN-1 PRINTOUT.

# PERIMETRY SIMPLIFIED

## OUTSTANDING USABILITY AND ERGONOMICS FOR BOTH PATIENT AND OPERATOR

The Octopus 600 can be operated reliably outside of a darkroom and fits almost anywhere with its small and compact design. Enabled by its user-friendly operator interface, running an examination becomes a matter of a few simple clicks on the large touch-screen examination screen.

Thanks to its ergonomic patient response button, its user-friendly design and with large trial lenses already included, the Octopus 600 truly simplifies perimetry.

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### ERGONOMIC DESIGN

Ample space and the adjustable forehead rest allow examined patients to wear their own glasses. The shielded side view prevents the patient from being distracted.

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### LARGE TRIAL LENSES

Large trial lenses facilitate correct patient positioning and are already included in the Octopus 600. Thanks to their magnetic holding mechanism, trial lens placement is easy.

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### PATIENT RESPONSE BUTTON

The ergonomic response button fits nicely in the patient's hand and is easy to use. In addition, the button has been designed to create an improved audible and mechanical feedback.

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### RELIABLE OPERATION OUTSIDE OF DARKROOM

The Octopus 600 can be operated reliably outside of a dark room thanks to its TFT screen for stimulus projection that is insensitive to ambient light. This allows the Octopus 600 to be located wherever there is space, while correct light conditions are hardly a consideration.





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## MINIMAL SPACE

The Octopus 600 has a small, compact design allowing for a minimal footprint. Add in silent operation with no fans or motors and you have a perimeter that can be placed anywhere in your office.

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## OPTIONAL CHINREST FOR MORE CONVENIENCE

The optional chinrest adds comfort for patients having problems maintaining the downward gaze position and increases the convenience for the examiner.

## IT JUST TAKES 3 STEPS:

1. SELECT PATIENT
2. CHOOSE PULSAR OR STANDARD WHITE-ON-WHITE
3. HIT THE START BUTTON

# FIXATION CONTROL

## RELIABLE RESULTS MADE EASY

Fixation losses due to low patient compliance are a major reason for unreliable visual fields. The Octopus 600 gives you less reason to worry about these. Blink Control, Pupil Position Control, Dart Control and Contact Control continuously support the correct patient and eye position for a reliable result you can trust.

### BLINK CONTROL

## NEVER MISS A POINT

Normal blinking prevents dry eyes and helps the patient to relax and concentrate during examination. With Octopus Blink Control, you need not worry about missing a stimulus presented in static perimetry. Stimuli interrupted by the patient's blinking are automatically repeated later during the test. This means that every test location is tested reliably.

### PUPIL POSITION CONTROL

## CONTROLLED POSITION

Maintaining the correct pupil position during examination is essential for correct identification of the location of a defect. If the pupil position changes during stimulus presentation, due either to shifting of the head or eye movement, the Pupil Position Control pauses the examination automatically until the pupil is recentred. The missed stimulus is automatically repeated later during the test. The result is a visual field that you can trust.

PAUSED

RUNNING



BLINK CONTROL

PAUSED

RUNNING



PUPIL POSITION CONTROL

PAUSED

RUNNING



DART CONTROL

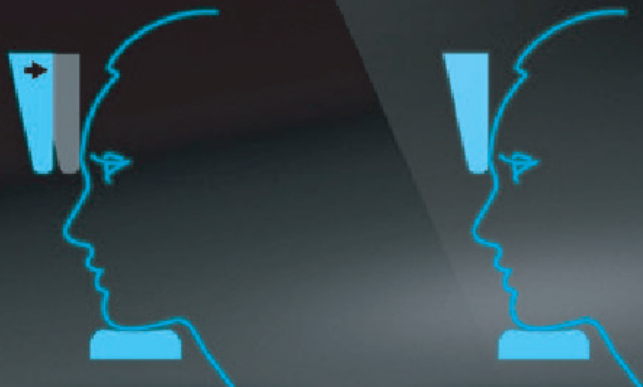
**DART CONTROL**

## KEEP FOCUSED

Remaining focused on the fixation target at all times is essential to prevent fixation losses. If patients rapidly move their eye to look for the next stimulus, Dart Control detects this fast movement and automatically interrupts the examination until a steady focus is achieved. Missed stimuli are automatically repeated later during the test making reliable results easy.

PAUSED

RUNNING



CONTACT CONTROL

**CONTACT CONTROL**

## OPTIMAL PATIENT POSITION

Head sensors offer even further control and reliability by constantly assessing the correct patient position. If the patient pulls away from the instrument, it immediately notifies the operator and pauses the test to allow for repositioning.

# EYESUITE PLATFORM

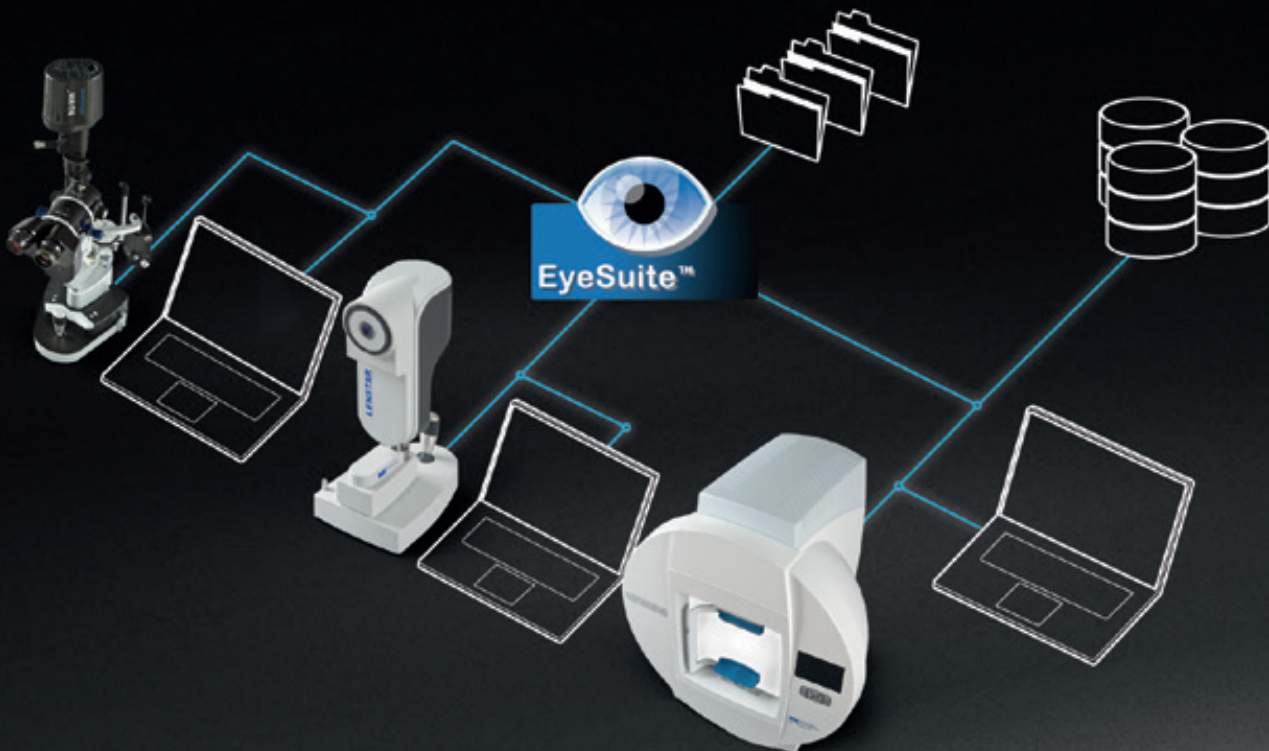
## FLEXIBLE INTERFACES FOR EASY INTEGRATION INTO YOUR NETWORK

The EyeSuite software is designed for optimum patient flows in busy practices. It is very easy to use, making the Octopus 600 fully networkable both with other Haag-Streit devices and your practice network. EyeSuite does not require any proprietary third-party software to provide connectivity.

If the Octopus 600 is connected to an EyeSuite Server, all of its data can be accessed remotely from any number of viewing stations connected to the same database. This truly means going beyond a pre-defined printout and provides you with real-time access to your data from anywhere in your network.

Furthermore, the EyeSuite Script Language or standardised interfaces, such as GDT or DICOM, connect easily to almost any electronic medical record (EMR) system. Patient orders can be received from the EMR system and the measured results are then automatically sent back to the EMR system.

With all these features available, you can save valuable staff time and eliminate the risk of transcription errors.



# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## OCTOPUS 600

|   |  | Octopus 600 Basic | Octopus 600 Pro   |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Stimulus generation                     | TFT Monitor  |                   |                   |
| Peripheral range (distance)             | 30° (infinite)   |                   |                   |
| Background illumination                 | SAP: 10 cd/m <sup>2</sup> ; Pulsar: 32 cd/m <sup>2</sup>             |                   |                   |
| Stimulus size (°)                       | SAP: 0.43 (Size III); Pulsar: 5                                      |                   |                   |
| Stimulus duration (ms)                  | SAP: 100; Pulsar: 500  |                   |                   |
| Stimulus intensity (asb, dynamic range) | SAP: ~35 dB; Pulsar: ~35 src   |                   |                   |
| Fixation control                        | Blink Control, Pupil Position Control, Dart Control, Contact Control |                   |                   |
| Networking                              | DICOM, EMR, Ethernet   | /(DICOM optional) | /(DICOM optional) |
|   | Connect to network printer   |                   |                   |
|   | Connect to shared folder   |                   |                   |
|   | Connect to remote database   |                   |                   |
| Data Import                             | Octopus 101, 123, 300 and 900; HFA I and II                          |                   |                   |
| Measures (W x L x H)                    | 467 x 508 x 500 mm; 18.4" x 20.0" x 19.7"                            |                   |                   |
| Weight                                  | 12.7 kg; 28.0 lbs  |                   |                   |
| Test methods                            | Standard white-on-white perimetry SAP                                |                   |                   |
|   | Pulsar perimetry   |                   |                   |
| Test strategies                         | Glaucoma screening test  |                   |                   |
|   | TOP (Tendency Oriented Perimetry, 2–4 min)                           | Pulsar            | Pulsar            |
|   | Dynamic (adaptive step size, 6–8 min)                                |                   |                   |
|   | Normal (4-2-1 bracketing, 10–12 min)                                 |                   |                   |
| Test patterns                           | General/Glaucoma 30° (G1-Program, 32 (corresponding to 30-2), 24-2)  |                   |                   |
|   | Macula (M-Program, 10-2)   |                   |                   |
| Progression analysis                    | Global progression (MD, sLV)   |                   |                   |
|   | Cluster Trend/Polar Trend  |                   |                   |
| Accessories                             | Chinrest   |                   |                   |
| Standard                                | Option   | Not available     |                   |

#### SOURCES:

1. Patents US2002/0047996, JP2001-299700, DE10115508, CH0773/00. 2. Gonzalez de la Rosa M, Gonzalez-Hernandez M. Pulsar perimetry. A review and new results. *Ophthalmologie*. 2013 Feb;110(2):107-15. 3. Zeppieri M, Brusini P, Parisi L, Johnson CA, Sampaolesi R, Salvat ML. Pulsar perimetry in the diagnosis of early glaucoma. *Am J Ophthalmol*. 2010 Jan;149(1):102-12. 4. Göbel K, Erb C. Sensitivity and specificity of flicker perimetry with Pulsar. Comparison with achromatic (white-on-white) perimetry in glaucoma patients. *Ophthalmologie*. 2013 Feb;110(2):141-5. 5. Salvat ML, Zeppieri M, Parisi L, Johnson CA, Sampaolesi R, Brusini P. Learning Effect and Test-retest Variability of Pulsar Perimetry. *J Glaucoma*. 2013 Mar;22(3):230-7. 6. Gonzalez-Hernandez M, de la Rosa MG, de la Vega RR, Hernandez-Vidal A. Long-term fluctuation of standard automatic perimetry, pulsar perimetry and frequency-doubling technology in early glaucoma diagnosis. *Ophthalmic Res*. 2007;39(6):338-43. 7. King AJ, Taguri A, Wadood AC, Azuara-Blanco A. Comparison of two fast strategies, SITA Fast and TOP, for the assessment of visual fields in glaucoma patients. *Graefes Arch Clin Exp Ophthalmol*. 2002 Jun;240(6):481-7. 8. Wadood AC, Azuara-Blanco A, Aspinall P, Taguri A, King A. Sensitivity and specificity of frequency-doubling technology, tendency-oriented perimetry, and Humphrey Swedish interactive threshold algorithm-fast perimetry in a glaucoma practice. *Am J Ophthalmol*. 2002 Mar;133(3):327-32. 9. Kovalska MP, Bürki E, Schoetzau A, Orguel SF, Orguel S, Grieshaber MC. Clinical evaluation of a novel population-based regression analysis for detecting glaucomatous visual field progression. *Klin Monbl Augenheilkd*. 2011 Apr;228(4):311-7. 10. Holló G, Naghizadeh F. Evaluation of Octopus Polar Trend Analysis for detection of glaucomatous progression. *Eur J Ophthalmol*. 2014 Jun 28:0. doi: 10.5301/ejo.5000504. 11. Naghizadeh F, Holló G. Detection of early glaucomatous progression with Octopus Cluster Trend analysis. *J Glaucoma*. 2014 Jun-Jul;23(5):269-75.